TWENTY-THIRD YEAR---NO. 7,012.

WASHINGTON, D. C., MONDAY EVENING, JANUARY 26, 1891.

PRICE TWO CENTS.

SPECIAL NOTICES REGISTERED TRADE-MARK,

BERKELEY

PURE RVE WHISKY.

#4 a Gallon, #1 a Quart and 50c. a Pint.

JAMES THARP.

818 P Street.

THE WASHINGTON

LOAN AND TRUST COMPANY.

Temporary Offices: 1001 F STREET NORTHWEST, Previous to erection of our new building at the corner of Ninth and F streets n. w.

CAPITAL.....\$1,000,000 Pays interest at
4 per cent.
34 per cent.
5 per cent.
2 per cent.
According to time of deposit.

Interest paid on balances subject to check. Executes all Trusts. CALL OR WRITE FOR INFORMATION.

BRAINARD H. WARNER, President. WILLIAM B. ROBISON, Secretary, WILLIAM B. GURLAY, Treasurer, 1234-im JOHN JOY EDSON, Vice-President,

LALORIDA Lands held in reserve for serveral years by the State Government are now opened to set

ther at their actual value.

These reserved lands lie along the eastern or Atlantic Coast, between St. Augustine and Biscayne Bay, one-half mile to six miles from the ocean, a large portion being far below the

This is the only eastern section in the United States where it is possible to raise semi-tropical fruit, and where early vegetables and fruits can be raised in time to catch the highest Northern prices.

Much of this land is owned by the Florida Coast Line Canal and Transportation Company, and bears a fine growth of timber, from which large sums may be realized. The section along the Indian River and Lake Worth is well settled, and the land is the most valuable in the State, the east coast being tapped by four railways, and the rivers along the coast being navigated by steamboats.

Improved transportation facilities and delightful climate (being so near the ocean thair is much more bracing than further inland make this an excellent opportunity for actual settlers.

ttlers.

Prices of land range from \$2 per sere upward

We shall be pleased to send maps, townshi-lans and full information to all who are inter BLORIDA COAST LINE CANAL AND

TRANSPORTATION CO., ST. AUGUSTINE, FLORIDA. JOHN W. DENNY, President.

CHARTERED BY CONGRESS 1818. FRANKLIN INSURANCE CO.

Of Washington, D. C. CAPITAL AND SURPLUS.......\$335,000 00

Has never contested a loss by fire, but always makes prompt and liberal adjustments. DR. DANIEL B. CLARKE, Prest. GEO. E. LEMON, Vice-Prest.

CHAS, S. BRADLEY, Treas. -L FENWICK YOUNG, Sec'y. WILL P. BOTELER, Ass't Sec'y.

de9-3m THE ANNUAL MEETING OF THE STOCK-holders of the Washington Gaslight Company will be held at the office of the company, No. 413 Teath street n. w., MONDAY, THE 2D DAY OF FEBRUARY, ISBI, for the election of directors to serve during the ensuing year. Polls open at 12 o'clock m. and close at 1 o'clock p. m. CHARLES B. BALLEY. Isbioteh2

TO THE PUBLIC.

Having retired from the firm of EMMONS & BROWN, I take pleasure in informing my friends and the public that I can be found at my office, 604 Tenth street northwest, where I am conducting a general REAL ESTATE, LOAN and INSURANCE BUSINESS.

Prompt and personal attention given to all matters placed in my hands. Respectfully, JAMES F. BROWN, Telephone Call, 473-9. 604 Tenth street n. w. nov22

THE NATIONAL UNION INSURANCE

COMPANY

is now located in its new office, NO. 918 P STREET NORTHWEST.

OFFICERS: HENRY O. TOWLES, President. CHARLES B. BAILEY, Vice-President.

NOBLE D. LARNER, Secretary.

REMOVAL.

EASTON & RUPP,

orner Pennsylvania ave. and Thirteenth st. Have removed to 421 Eleventh street n. w., Opposite Star Office.

BARBER & ROSS, Eleventh and G streets. Announce the following Bargains for

ONE WEEK ONLY:

Ordinary price......\$1.50 per pair Crown Fluting Machine...\$2.50 each Ordinary price....\$3 each Old Reliable Clothes-wringer....\$1.75 each Our Entire Line of Scissors at 10 Per Cent. Discount. Coal Hods, 16 Inches...

BARBER & ROSS,

HARDWARE AND CUTLERY, Opposite Boston Dry Goods House.

JOHN DALY. Bricklayer and Contractor,

1320 Pennsylvania avenus northwest, Wants to advise the public that Brickwork of

SPECIAL NOTICES. THE SAFEST AND BEST INVESTMENT

IN THE WORLD IS STOCK IN THE SOUTHERN LAND COMPANY.

Twelve per cent and also Equal Profits. terest and Profits Payable Every Three Months.

SHARES \$10 EACH.

WE ARE AUTHORIZED by the SOUTH-ERN LAND COMPANY to place on sale ONE THOUSAND SHARES ONLY of stock of said company at the extreme low price of TEN DOLLARS EACH. SID per share with a gnar-antee and pledge of not less than 12 PER CENT. AND ALSO AN EQUAL PROPORTIONATE SHARE in the profits arising from the invest-ment of total capital in proportion as the num-ber of shares purchaser holds bears to the total number of shares issued.

BY THIS PLAN a purchaser may invest any smount from \$10 up to \$1,000, with a guarantee of 12 per cent, thereupon, and an honest, equal share in the profits.

PURCHASERS ARE SECURED by the actual holdings of the company (of which they become a part and percel, amounting to over \$100,000, and consisting of improved Real Estate, In-vestments, &c.

vestments, &c.
UNDER NO CONSIDERATION WHATEVER will the total number of shares issued
exceed 1,000, nor will any one purchaser be
allowed to subscribe and pay for more than 100
shares nor less than one single share at the uniallowed to subscribe and pay for more than 100 shares nor less than one single share at the uniform rate of TEN DOLLARS PER SHARE.

SHARES MAY BE WITHDRAWN at any time upon thirty days' notice, the holder thereof being entitled to interest thereupon within the first three months and to both interest and dividends for all time thereafter—PROPITS OR DIVIDENDS BEING DECLARED OR DIVIDED EQUALLY every three months. There is no system of forfeiture, penalty or enforced holding of shares for a time beyond which it may be inconvenient or impossible for the purchaser to hold out. The profits are not jobbed up bu a few. ere not jobbed up by a few.

THE LIMITED NUMBER of shares offered and the low purchase price make this the safest surest and most profitable investment eve offered in Washington.

BETTER THAN A SAVINGS BANK. Because it pays about four times the interes Because the shares are on the same security BETTER THAN A WESTERN MORTGAGE Because it pays three times as much interest. Because shares are on established values. BETTER THAN AN INSURANCE POLICY.

Because you do not have to die to win.
Because you get the profits of your invest-sent at any time if you wish to withdraw it.
Because you protect yourself as well as your BETTER THAN GOVERNMENT BONDS, Because it pays five times the interest.

Because you can realize quicker and it is safe.

BETTER THAN RAILROAD STOCK. Because there is more profits and no risk.
Because bondholders are not liable for any-hing—they own everything.
Orders by mail promptly attended to.

Send for Prospectus. ROBERT E. CLARKE & CO., Investment and Real Estate Brokers, 44-46 Atlantic Building, 928 and 930 P street Washington, D. C.

E. WATKINS. SAM'L H. BUCK. JAS. SULLIVAN. WATKINS, BUCK & CO.,

INVESTMENT BANKERS.

GLOVER BUILDING. "F" STREET NORTHWEST,

WASHINGTON, D. C.

Branch Office: CHATTANOOGA, TENN.

EMTNEW YORK AND LONDON CON-

Will negotiate purchase and sale of bonds

INTEREST ALLOWED ON DEPOSITS.

MPORTANT NOTICE

GAS CONSUMERS.

For the convenience of persons living in the eastern and western sections of the city, ar-rangements have been made by which they

can pay their gas bills during banking hours NATIONAL CAPITAL BANK

on the

WEST END NATIONAL BANK,

Bills peld stier the 8th of each month will not be entitled to the discount of 25 cents per 1,000 cubic feet.

WASHINGTON GASLIGHT CO.

THE WEST END National Bank Nineteenth st. and Pa. ave., Washington, D. C

SUYDAM, THE FORGER.

More of His Frandulent Transaction Brought to Light in West Virginia. Parkersburg, Jan. 26.—An investiga tion of the title to 1,000 acres of land in Wayne County, claimed by Mrs. Golden, Wayne County, claimed by Mrs. Golden, living in Kennebec County, Me., has just brought to light another fraudulent sale of Abraham Suydam, the sleek forger, who is now in Sing Sing (N. Y.) prison.

Suydam some years ago placed on record in the County Court of Wayne County a number of deeds showing a continuous tille to 50,000 acres of land. A map of the land and full abstracts were ordered. He sold off these tracts in parcels of 1,000 acres. All these deeds have proved to be forgeries.

In addition thereto several bogus surveys were made and the surveyor's name forged. Mrs. Golden's tract is now worth \$15,000, but she has not a vestige of title. In a number of cases resules of these lands have been made, and the complications and litigation incident thereto have just begun.

Ne More Church Gambling.

St. Paul, Minn., Jan. 26.—The Catholic Church, which up to the present time has permitted lotteries at fairs for the raising of money for church purposes, is to shut down on all such practices, at least in the See of Minnesota and North and South Dakota.

See of Minnesota and North and South Dakota.

Archbishop Ireland vesterday issued the following order: "Public sentiment has become so pronounced, and rightly so, against lotteries and chance games that we deem it our duty to prohibit altogether, as we now do, the raising of money for religious or charitable purposes by the sale of chances, the use of wheels of fortune or by any method savory of lottery or gambling. This rule which we now make admits of no exception. It applies to the country as well as to towns, to convents as well as parishes."

Handsome Overcoats marked down to \$0.90. Eiseman Bros., 7th & E.

THE PETERL AT PORT-AU-PRINCE.—The Petrel has arrived at Port-au-Prince,

NAVAL ORDERS.—Naval Cadet George R.
Marvell ordered to the Newark.
Chief Engineer Ralph Aston and Passed
Assistant Engineer H. N. Stevenson detached from present duties at Chester, Pa.,
and ordered to duty at Quintard from
Works in connection with the preparation
of the Bennington for sea service.
Assistant Engineer W. D. Weaver has
resigned.

Assistant Engineer W. D. Weaver has resigned.

A CHINESE PENSIONER.—Among the pensioners of the late war is E. D. Cohota, a native-born Chinaman. He has lived in this country nearly forty-six years, having left the land of his birth when but 6 years of age. Long before the Chinese Exclusion law was thought of he had proved his fitness for the duties of American citizenship by taking up arms in defense of his adopted country and marching to the front. Although but 15 years old when the war broke out he declared he was over age and enlisted in the Twenty-third Massachusetts Volunteers, under command of Colonel Andrew Ellwood. The only representative of the Mongolian race among the millions of men thus facing each other in a struggle for life and death, Cohota was a unique character. Under fire Cohota proved that he was made of the stern stuff, for his bravery was commented on during various engagements, notably at Cold Harbor and in the building of General Butler's signal stations in front of Petersburg. At the close of the war Cohota was mustered out along with the survivors of the regiment, then under command of Colonel Raymond of Marblehead. Sincethat time Mr. Cohota has devoted himself to business, there being little in common between him and the ordinary Chinaman beyond certain race characteristics of feature. In speech and dress he is an ordinary citizen.

WILSON HAD TASTED BLOOD.

The West Chester Murderer's Trial Re WEST CHESTER, PA., Jan. 26-The trial of John Wilson for the murder of Timothy Shay at Kennett Square last summer which is set for to-day, recalls to mind another murder which Wilson committed

another murder which Wilson committed fifteen years ago.

Wilson worked in a livery stable in Kennett Square, and Shay returned one evening with a team he had hired. A dispute arose as to the price, Wilson claiming 50 cents more than Shay was willing to pay. The argument grew heated, and suddenly Wilson ran into the stable, and, returning with a pitchfork, ran it into Shay's body. The wounded man died a half hour later.

In a Philadelphia hospital a month ago there died Joshua Mason of lung trouble. His death can be traced directly to Wilson, On a summer's day lifteen years ago Wilson and Mason were engaged in a dispute on the porch of William Chalfont's hardware store in Kennett Square. Wilson became angry, and picking up a pitchfork ran it into Mason's body. Two of the prongs penetrated his lungs, and for a time it was thought he would die. He later partially recovered his health, but has been afflicted with 'lung trouble' ever since.

Wilson was arrested, but through the Wilson was arrested, but through the efforts of several misguided philanthropists of Kennett Square he got off at the trial with a very light sentence. Since his arrest for killing Shay the Mason affair has been recalled very forcibly to mind. Mason was to have been a witness this week against Wilson, but his death removes the most damaging testimony against the accused.

SUICIDE IN NIAGARA RAPIDS.

An Intoxicated Man Jumps on the Ice, Rolls Off, and Is Swept Over the Falls. PROSPECT HOUSE, NIAGARA FALLS, N. Y., an. 26.—The Niagara Rapids claimed another life last night. Reservation Park Policeman Henry Highland, after locking

Policeman Henry Highland, after locking the bridge gates, saw an intoxicated man climb over them. He immediately ran toward him and caught him by the arm. Quick as a flash the man wrenched himself free, jumped over the railing and fell on the ice below.

The policeman called for assistance, lowered a ladder, and Jack McCoy, after securing himself with a rope, lowered himself down and walked to the edge of the ice, where the would-be suicide lay. Before he could reach him, however, the man rolled over to the edge and dropped into the rapids and was swept away by the raging torrent over the falls.

It was learned later that the man had registered at the Spencer house as "C. E. Stanley, Cleveland," although he had told the policeman he stopped at the Hotel Vendome. He was well dressed and wore a silk hat.

a silk hat.

RICH, BUT STILL A FORGER.

Death of a Wealthy Young Woman Who Was a Monomaniae. DENVER, COL., Jan. 2i.—Miss Mamie

Smith, a handsome young woman of 23 years, was arrested here three months ago or attempting to pass a forged check upon one of the local banks. She was released on ball and romained here pending her trial. Friday night, after a brief illness, the died of pneumonia. It is now learned that Miss Smith was not compelled to at-tempt the crime from necessity, but was a monomaniae upon the subject of passing forced raper.

monomaniae upon the subject of passars formed paper.

She had an estate in Louisville, Ky., valued at \$75,000, from which she received a morthly income of \$400. Miss Smith came to Denver from Louisville three months ago. She became acquainted with a family by the name of Ornaner. One day a policeman was summoned to arrest her for forging the name of Mrs. Ornaner to a check for \$500. Her body has been sent East.

Consecrating New Gods. New York, Jan. 26.—Three brand new Chinese gods were consecrated Saturday,

Chinese gods were consecrated Saturday, and from now henceforth the Chop Sing Tong, or Chinese Laundrymen's Umon, will fourish and presper and confusion will seize upon all its enemies. Grand and imposing ceremonies attended the unveiling of the idels at the joss-house of the union at No. 4 Mott street.

Gong Fung Mo, the high priest, officiated, and paid due reverence to the gods by offering up to them a dainty spread of roast meals, cakes and Chinese wines. "Kwong Gong is the chief of the new idols. Kwong flourished some four hundred years ago, during the reign of the Emperor How Gip Toi. Kwong was a great here, having done some hard lighting during the Chinese revolution of 1407."

A Girl That Cries Glass. Finday, Onio, Jan. 26.—The physicians and oculists of this city are greatly puzzled over the case of Jennie Sutton. From the over the case of Jennie Sutton. From the right eye of the girl fifty-four pieces of broken glass were taken by Dr. T. C. Fritch. These pieces of glass have been centing from the eye of the girl for the last month, and Friday Dr. Fritch removed every evidence of glass in the eye and announced that all were taken out. Saturday she came back and had fifty-four more pieces removed. The girl is a domestic in the family of ex-County Surveyor Stringfellow, whose wife has been taking the particles of glass from the girl's eye for a menth past. It is estimated that over 100 pieces of glass have been taken from the eye since the case first attracted attention.

Mr. M. Loeb, for many years with the house of Eiseman Bros., having severed his connection with that house, can now always be found at his place of business, 912 F street northwest, where he will be pleased to see his many friends and patrons.

GOVERNMENT GOSSIP | THE STORM-KING'S GRIP.

WASHINGTON PRACTICALLY SHUT OFF FROM THE OUTER WORLD.

Communication With the North and West-Not Much Damage Done in This City-The Big Cities Along the Coast Almost Isolated-Miles of Wire and Thousands of Poles Down.

Friday morning a small storm was oberved by the Signal Service men gathering off the coast of Texas, away down in the Gulf of Mexico. The storm was not considered particularly dangerous, but it began to move up the coast, passing over Louisiana and striking the Atlantic off the coast of North Carolina on Saturday night. Between Saturday night and yesterday morning with terrific force it swept through the Middle and New England States, accompanied by heavy falls of rain and snow. Last night the storm was ocated in New Brunswick, and this morning it passed out of the observation of the Signal Service officials and lost itself in

ing it passed out of the observation of the Signal Service officials and lost itself in the ocean.

The storm did a great deal of damage to telegraph and telephone wires all along the coast. To-day Washington, although the wires in the city were but little injured, is without telegraphic communication with the North or West. North of Washington and Baltimore whereever the storm swept the wires suffered.

The Western Union was unable to make connection with Philadelphia last night, but expect to do so during the course of the day. This morning they established connection with Wilmington, Del., but all their Western dispatches are sent by way of the South. The Southern wires are all right except those to Lynchburg. Va. which were almost as badly damaged as those to the North.

It will be two or three days before communication with all points is fully established. The Western Union officers regard the storm of Saturday night as more destructive to the wires than the famous bilizzard of March, 1888. The snow and sleet gathering on the wires broke them down, and the terrific gale, which was blowing uprooted the telegraph poles.

The Western Union is able to make connection with Buffalo by way of the South, and communication has been established between New York and Buffalo by way of Albany. The condition of the wires in the New England States is unknown, and

between New York and Bullado by way of Albany. The condition of the wires in the New England States is unknown, and to what extent the damages will amount carnot be estimated.

The Postal Telegraph Company has its wires working to the South in excellent condition, but is unable to make any com-numication with noints north and wast of

condition, but is unable to make any communication with points north and west of Baltimore except by way of the South.

Although Washington was directly in the path of the storm, but little damage was done in this city. The wires of the telephone company escaped injury almost entirely, and the police and fire-alarm wires were unharmed.

At the office of the Chesapeake and Potemac Telephone Company it was said today that their wires were all right and but little damage was done. The long-distance telephone wires to Baltimore, New York and Boston are uninjured and in good working order. The long-distance wires are the strongest and most durable and are seldom broken by a storm.

It is impossible to learn to what exten It is impossible to learn to what extent the wires are damaged throughout the North, or when communication can be made with New York. It is thought that it will be several days before connections will be established to any extent, and the Western Union officials say that it may take a week for the damage to their lines to be renaired.

to be repaired.
PELLADELPHIA, Jan. 26.—The most de FRIADELPHIA, Jun. 29.—The most de-structive storm of snow and wind in the history of overhead wires was that of early yesterday morning, which broke the vast net-work of local lines as if it had been an immense spider's web, and left Philadelphia isolated from the world so far as the ordinary channels of news com-munication is converged.

Philadelphia isolated from the world so far as the ordinary channels of news communication is concerned.

The ravages of the storm were between the morning hours of 3 and 8 o'clock, and few people, aside from the attaches of the various telegraph, tetephone and electric-lighting offices, had any idea that damage had been done until the hour when the evening lights are usually turned on. It was considerably after dark when the electric power companies recovered their grip sufficiently to illuminate the principal places on their circuits. The electric wires are the largest and strongest known and calculated to resist any storm short of a Western blizzard. Notwithstanding this, big forces of men were employed from daylight until dark repairing numerous breaks that had been made.

As in the cases of telegraph and telephone wires the full extent of the damage could not be ascertained until to-day, when tests were made over the different circuits. Business was greatly embarrassed and retarded, and the most hopeful estimates of expert linemen do not point to a restoration of the former service within a number of days.

It was soon after midnight when the rain of Saturday was turned into a heavy fall of snow. Around the myriad of cold, wet wires the fast-falling flakes gathered and claims like feathers to tar. Every minute added to the diameter of the wires until in a comple of hours they were just ragging rocessof white, some of them full a foot it circumference.

Bending and swaving over streets and housetops like a gigantic net of ropes, a

Bending and swaying over streets and housetops like a gigantic net of ropes, a gale of vind that rushed toward the Ablantic seaboard from the northwest at the rule of forty-eight miles an hour struck them and tore thom from their instendings. At daylight, when the storm had passed, wires dangled from poles and housetops on every street. Only the stout electricilight wires had held their own, and in some cases even they were found to be in-operative. Early linemen who were out on duty sawstraugesights. The telegraph and telephone wires, which as a rule are strung higher than the lighting wires, had in many cases fallen across the big electric threads, where, influenced by the mighty dynamos they were slowly burned through, the ends dropping into the streets.

It was impossible to make much progress.

It was impossible to make much progress in the work of restoring the telephone service. The wires passing overley roofs and towers were unapproachable and no altempt was made to remedy the broken circuits, except in the most important cases. In the morning more than 100 men were sent out from the General Telephone Exchange, at 400 Chestnut street, where Manager Raisley took charge of affairs. After a whole day's work only a few circuits were in operation, and they were not extensive ones. The manager was unable to approximate the damage, and said it would be impossible to know the full extent of the disaster until the resuming of business to-day and the usual tests. Of the company's thousands of circuits, however, nearly all were broken.

One of the linemen at work said: "It will be a menth before the telephone service can be restored. Nothing like it ever happened before. When I think of the climbing over houses that's got to be done I doubt if the work can be accomplished in that time. It was only those electric wires that are run underground that were not affected by the storm.

The telephone officers admit that much inconvenience will necessarily be caused in business circles for some time. The numerous mills and factories connected with the Germantown, Manayunk and suburban telephone exchanges will be without communication.

HAGERSTOWN, Mo., Jan. 26.—This city was visited Saturday night and yesterday morning by a terrible snow and sleet storm, which prostrated all wires and has seriously interrupted railway travel on all the roads centering at this point. The fast mail over the Western Maryland from Baltimore was three hours late and re-It was impossible to make much progres

ports twenty inches of snow on the Blue Mountains. All wires are down and a large force of men is at work clearing the tracks of fallen wires and poles. The Norfolk and Western, Cumberland Val-ley and Baltimore and Ohio make similar

reports.

Nonrolk, Va., Jan. 23.—There were heavy easterly winds along the coast Saturday night and Sunday morning, but the Signal Service wires are down, and it is impossible to obtain news of any wreeks.

New York, Jan. 23.—The storm yesterday morning completely isolated this city from the rest of the continent. The streets of the city are blockaded by fallen wires and poles, and no electric lights were turned on, even where the wires were intact, for fear of dangerous consequences.

The Western Union has but three wires working out of the enormous number en-tering their office here, and they are to Buffalo via Albany. It will be many days before telegraphic communications can be restored.

BALKED CUPID BECKONS DEATH.

Governor Hill Stopped His Nephew's Wedding, and the Lad Died. NEWARK, N. J., Jan. 26.—Lyman D. Davis, a nephew of Governor Hill of New York, died here Saturday. He was an

York, died here Saturday. He was an electrician and was 25 years of age. Governor Hill visited him on Friday, and on Saturday the Governor telegraphed to have the body sent on to Elmira.

Mr. Davis was brought into public notice in April of last year through the successful machinations of his august uncle. Governor David Bennett Hill, to prevent his marriage to a "mere working girl," Davis was the Governor's only relative, but saw very little of his uncle ("about once a year for the past five years," he said at the time of the trouble), and he supported himself, asking no help from the occupant of the Executive Mansion.

He considered his means large en He considered his means large enough to support a wife also, and he secured the consent of Miss Belle Snyder of Elmira. A most estimable young woman whom he had nost at the Elmira Academy some years before, to become Mrs. Davis. The wedding was set for April 16 and among the invitations sent out was one to Governor Hill.

That gentleman, when he learned that the bride-to-be had been forced to work as clerk in several Elmira stores to support herself and her widowed mother, his pride rose in arms at once, and he sent one of his henchmen. Mr. "Al" Hitchcock, to break eff the match.

break off the match.
"Al," with the acumen gained by many

"Al." with the acumen gained by many years' experience as a professional political menial, found a way, and the wedding was indefinitely postponed at the last moment. Much sympathy was expressed for Miss Snyder, who was a girl of irreproachable character, good education and refined tastes.

Davis felt his disappointment and the humiliation following it keenly, and his death is believed to have been hastened on account of it.

A SOUBRETTE GETS A DIVORCE. Laura Ward Allowed to Resume Her

Maiden Name. Boston, Jan. 23.—Mrs. Laura Ward, the pretty soubrette of Donnelly and Girard's pretty soubrette of Donnelly and Girard's
"Natural Gas" Company, now showing
in the Middle Atlantic States, Saturday
received an absolute divorce from her husband Sathaniel, on the ground of nonsupport. The stift was not contested, and
Mrs. Ward was the only witness. She
was not the typical victim of non-support
as seen in the Municipal Court. She was
attired in a brown dress of heavy woolen
material. Over this was a seal plush
sacque, with real seal trimmings, and on
her head was a jaunty little bonnet.

To the court she said that she was married to her husband eight veers ago, and
one year later went on the stage. Since
then she has not lived with him. At first
she was only a chorus girl, and got small
pay. Slowly she developed, so that she
now receives a good salary, enough to
amply support herself and lay away
something besides. While she was learning to act she repeatedly asked her her.

amply support herself and lay away something besides. While she was learn-ing to act she repeatedly asked her hus-band for money, but as often he refused her, and frequently she suffered for the want of it. want of it.

Since then she has several times been possessed of a desire to leave the stage, but her husband would not support her, and she had to keep at it or starve. He had said to ber, she said: "You are smart and can earn a good living. Go and do it, You can earn better wages than I can." She said her husband ran a restaurant in New York and was abundantly able to support her and keep her from working. Her maiden name, she said, was Laura Wood.

STABBED IN A FIGHT.

The Serious Result of a Quarrel Between Two Boys. PHILADELPHIA, Jan. 26,-While a party of boys were standing at Front and Dock streets late yesterday afternoon two of

ot ooys were standing at Front and Bock streets late yesterday afternoon two of their number, Dennis McCarty, 17 years old, and Frank Wilmer, 13 years old, got into a dispute. In the altercation which followed McCarty struck Wilmer, who suddenly pulled his pen-knife from his pocket and planged the blade into McCarty's neck. The boy fell bleeding to the ground and Wilmer ran away, no effort being made to stop him by the boys standing around.

An officer was ealled and an ambulance sent for, and McCarty was taken to the Pennsylvania Hospital, where his conditions was promounced serious. The knife had been thrust into the side of the throat, and had severed several of the larger muscles and Igaments, making a deep wound. Lieutenant Mitchell of the Third District was at once notified, and his men were sent out to capture young Wilmer, but no trace of him could be found. Word was sent to the Central Station, and Chief Wood detailed Detective Geyer on the case, and a description of Wilmer was sent to all the stations houses with orders to arrest him on sight. The officers were, however, unable to find Wilmer, and up to a late hour last night he had not been arrested.

FELL DEAD IN THE WALTZ.

New York, Jan. 26.—Miss Lizzie Pigott, a young woman living at No. 50 East a young woman recting at No. 50 East.
Seventy-third street, this city, dropped
dead while waltzing with John Brunner
at a ball in Muller's Hall, Astoria, on
Saturday night.
Earlier in the evening there had been a
large wedding in the Second Geroam Reformed Church, the contracting couple
being John, Miller, baker in Moore's
lakery and Bertha keith heating Astoria.

being John Miller, baker in Moore's bakery, and Bertha Feith, both of Astoria, the ceremony being performed by the Rev. C. D. F. Steinfuhrer.

The guests afterward adjourned to the hall at Flushing and Newtown avenues and danced until nearly midnight, when they stopped for supper. After the feast dancing was resumed, and Mr. Brunner and Miss Pigott were partners in a waltz. Just as the former requested the girl not to dance so fast she fell dead at his feet. Immediately the hall was in an uproar and several women fainted. Three doctors who were summoned said that the girl had probably died of heart disease. Her body was removed and the ball ended.

Gustave Muller, proprietor of the hall,

ended.
Gustave Muller, proprietor of the hall, said the dead girl was well to do and hall \$650 in the bank. There was also an insurance on her life. It is said she was once a cook for Collis P. Huntington, the millionaire. Friends have taken charge of the foneral arrayments. of the funeral arrangements. Increasing Letter Carriers' Salaries. The House Committee on Postoffices and Postroads has referred to a subcommittee the bill increasing the salary of Washing-ton letter carriers from \$1,080 to \$1,390.

WILL INGALLS WIN?

BALLOTING FOR SENATOR TO BEHIN AT TOPEKA TO-MORROW.

senator Gorman Reported to Have Said Ingalls Would be Re-Elected-The Ingalls Men Confident-The Senator On the Field and Fighting With Might

The Press News Association has sent out the following statement relating to

the Senatorial contest in Kansas: "Senator Gorman made the statement this morning that Senator Ingalls would undoubtedly be re-elected. The remark has created great interest among politicians who have been watching the Senatorial struggle in Kansas. It has been known for some time that certain Demo-cratic members of the Kansas Legislature were ready to vote for Senator Ingalls on

were ready to vote for Senator Ingalls on the instructions of the Democratic National Committee, which is generally understood to be represented by Mr. Gorman. "The statement made by that gentleman this morning is interpreted to mean that, having placed himself on record against the cloture rule and the Federal Elections law, Senator Ingalls has met the requirements of Gorman and the committee, and that instructions have been issued to the Kansas Democratic legislators to fall in line for Ingalls against the Alliance combination. The alleged bargain will deliver to Senator Ingalls, it is said, the votes of at least six Democrats."

TOFEKA, KAN., Jan. 23.—For some reasons, which the Ingalls managers carefully conceal, more confidence is felt by them in his return to the Senate than at any other time since the caucus for State Printer. With significant nods and knowing winks the party managers announce, under the rose, "Ingalls is all right." Just how it is all going to happen no one tries to explain, but for twenty-four hours before the Senator's arrival the men who had admitted that the Alliance had everything its own way chansed front and body claimed ingals. liance had everything its own way changed front and boldly claimed Ingalls

changed front and botely claimed figules certain return.

Topeka, Kan., Jan. 26.—The Alliance legislators have observed the Sabbath by holding caucus all day. At an early hour in the morning a resolution was adopted declaring that the caucus nominee must come from one of sixteen men who have pledged their faith to the People's party. The Congressmen-elect who have been interferring with the legislators received a decided set-back, and as a result have obligated themselves to defeat P. P. Elder, the Speaker of the House, who was the occasion of their downfall and who was supposed to be their choice for Senator.

The House committee will introduce a resolution unseating two Republicans, who, it is claimed, were elected by fraud. This will give the Alliance men 91 votes on joint ballot. Republicans 62, and Democrats 9. It will require 83 votes to elect a Senator.

At the caucus about seventy Alliance

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At the caucus about seventy Allianee men were present, twenty-two having gone home, and the absentees had pledge! themselves to abide by any caucus rule, and a new pledge was entered into to stand by the nominees.

It was also agreed that no man should be declared the nominee who did not have two-thirds of the full caucus vote. John F. Willits, the defeated People's Party candidate for Governor and the national lecturer of the Allianee, has shown great strength in managing the caucus movement. Jerry Simpson states this afternoon that the fight had narrowed down between Judge Peffer, editor of the Kansas Farmer, John F. Willits, J. W. Brodenthal of Labelle County and Speaker Elder.

Copeland, and the distinguished Kansans chatted pleasantly for half an hour. "I have heard tell of you," remarked Mr. Ingalls. "You have inspired the poetic muse, and the paragraphers have found a needful theme." Simpson did not change needful theme." Simpson did not change color, but quickly replied, "Yes, but I don't know whether I am indebted to my

color, but quickly replied. "Yes, but I don't know whether I am indebted to my head or my feet."

Senator Ingalls speaks confidently of his re-election. He is making his whole fight through the Grand Army Posts, and the stand many of them have taken fore-bodes trouble. Many veterans on the streets openly declared that they were willing to again shoulder arms for their companion. Printed petitions demanding the return of Mr. Ingalls were sent Thursday to Grand Army Posts throughout the State, and the House will be flooded with them. If the old soldier agitators do not succeed with Mr. Ingalls it will destroy them in this State as political factors. It is the sole weapon with which the Republicans hope to break the Aliance ranks, and the camp fires will shine from hundreds of posts to-morrow night. President Livingstone of the Farmers' Alliance was organized to defeat pension legislation. President McGrath of the Kansas Alliance, in an interview, spoke severely of Livingstone, and said that the Alliance leaders have beveated him. Following the charge that McGrath, the Alliance president, was in league with the Republicans, comes another to the effect that Elder, the Speaker of the House, has an understanding with the Republicans by which he is to get the Republican votes in the event that Ingalls cannot win.

Elder is also charged with an attempt t-Elder is also charged with an attempt to prevent the Alliance from coming to a cancus agreement. Hundreds of cooles of morning papers containing these charges were circulated in the Alliance ranks yesterday, and distrust grows in consequence. Elder denounces the story as having been circulated by the Congressmen, whom, in an interview, he denounced for their interference in the Senatorial field.

terference in the Senatorial fight. THE GALE AT SEA.

Narrow Escape of a Steamer of the Ericsson Line.

Baltimore, Jan. 26.—The steamer Elizabeth of the Ericsson Line, Captain Grace, which should have arrived here from Philadelphia early yesterday morning, did not reach her wharf until evening. She encountered the storm just before entering the canal, but passed through safely. Coming out the steamer ran into the teeth of the gale on the Chesapeake Bay. The series were unusually heavy and the wind blowing a hurricane.

For a while the big boat was unmanageable, the seas breaking over her radder pest. She drifted about at the meroy of the waves and the captain feared she would be driven ashore. A tag finally answered signals of distress and took the steamer in tow, bringing her to Baltimore. There was considerable excitement among the passengers during the storm, as the steamer pitched and rolled fearfully.

The storm on the Chesapeake was the

fully.

The storm on the Chesapeake was the worst of the winter, and it is feared a number of dredging crafts were wrecked. In this city, houses were unroofed, shutters blown off, feares destroyed and other damage done. Telegraph wires all over the State are down.

HE MURDERED A WOMAN.

Servitude at the Age of 19.

Servitude at the Age of 19.

Pants, Jan. 23.—Peter Vladimiroff, age 19, a rich Russian, has been convicted of the murder of his paramour. Mme. Carmine Freyeinet, at Ville d'Avray, in October last. Owing to extenusing circumstances attending the crime Vladimiroff has been sentenced to twenty years penal servitude, with the additional penalty that he will not be allowed to reside in France for ten years after the expiration of his sentence without special permission from the authorities. The murdered woman was a handsome widow, the mother of two children.

A VOUNG WIFE'S TROUBLES.

Only Sixteen, but Already Suing for Divorce.

PROVIDENCE, Jan. 26.—The elopement of Nannie Wild of Manton with the village dentist, Dr. Frederick W. Thrift, to Fall River two years ago had a sequel in the

River two years ago had a sequel in the divorce court here Saturday. The girl is only 16 and Thrift is not much over 21. They were married in Fall River because, on account of their tender age, they could not get a license in this State.

The young wife has left home several times and has had a great deal of trouble. Once in the night, she alleges, the doctor put her out of doors, and she walked to a neighbor's in her bare feet. He pulled her hair and threw water over her. It was also in evidence that he buried the family silver, which she had inherited from her grandfather, and that he had another girl and told the young bride of it. A letter was produced by the doctor, which was signed "Nannie." She admitted that she wrote it. She wanted to be forgiven for all the wrong she had done, and if he would only allow her to come back and live with him she would make life pleasant for him. Mrs. Thrift is receiving alimony, and the Court ecently ordered the doctor to sell his property and turn the money into the court. erty and turn the money into the court Mrs. Thrift is about to become a mother and the opinion is prevalent that the court will order the young folks to live with each other.

SHE WAS TIRED OF LIFE.

Halley Pierce Attempts Suicide Because Her Lover Neglects Her. PHILADELPHIA, Jan. 26.—Hally Pierce, young Irish girl, 19 years of age, atempted to commit suicide yesterday after noon by taking laudanum at the house of

noon by taking laudanum at the house of her sister, 232 Jarvis street. For the past two weeks she has been working as a servant at the house of Jacob Lurch, 1904 South Third street, and yesterday left there to go to the house of her sister for a short visit. On her way she stopped at a drug store and purchased 10 cents' worth of laudanum.

When reaching her sister's home she chatted for a while, but upon being left alone in the room for a few moments took the laudanum. She then informed her sister what she had done, but she at first did not credit her statement. The girl showed the bottle which had contained the laudanum, and her sister sent for a policeman, who rang for an ambulance. Miss Pierce was taken to the St. Agnes' Hospital, where the doctors worked over her for three hours before she was pronounced out of danger. To worked over her for three hours before she was pronounced out of danger. To the doctor she said that she had not been well for some time, and was tired of life. Closely questioned, she admitted that a young man who had been paying her at-tention had not been to see her for a week, and she felt so bad over it that she at-tempted to take her life.

HE WANTS HIS WIFE.

A Fromising Honeymoon Which Soon Came to a Conclusion. New YORK, Jan. 26.-Another phase of be Torbush-Fishblatt case was developed this afternoon in the Supreme Court, when the matter will be argued. Philip when the matter will be argued to the Fishblatt of 1574 Madison avenue, son of a wealthy house decorator, has secured a writ of hisbeas corpus for the return of his 18-year-old wife, who left him several days ago, on account of his alleged

Is-year-old wife, who left him several days ago, on account of his alleged cruelty, and now lives with her parents at 2072 Seventh avenue.

The case is a complicated one, the charge of assault against Mr. Torbush, the father of the young woman, having been dismissed by Justice Welde. There is also a suit pending in which the young wife sues for the return of her handsome welding presents and clothes.

The young couple had only been married about a month and lived in luxurious style in a flat at 1 West One Hundred and Twenty-ninth street. The husband became jealous, and every morning before going to his business he would lock up his wife's boots, hat and cloak, so she could

wife's boots, hat and cloak, so she could wife's boots, hat and cloak, so she could not go out.

Mrs. Fishblatt is a Methodist, Fishblatt is of the Hebrew belief, but was so struck with Miss Torbush that he became a member of her church, and the result was a wedding, which was on a grand scale. Religious difference soon caused trouble between husband and wife. He wanted her to become a convert to the Hebrew faith and she declined. This led to cruelty and she yan away to bee parents. o cruelty and she ran away to her parents.

INSPIRED BY JEALOUSY.

A Jilted Soldier, Aided by a Companion. Beheads His Rivals.
BUCHARDST, Jan. 25.—The details of the terrible tragedy of the Hotel Carol, at Con-

terrible tragedy of the Hotel Carol, at Constanza (Kustenje), a Roumanian Black Sea port, on Christmas eve, already wired from here, have just been made public. Natalie, the daughter of Petroff Debriska, a well-to-do Roumanian shepherd, had loved and engaged herself to an orderly named Holban at the Constanza garrison, when Ivan Vladescoe, son and agent of a rich St. Petersburg merchant, came along and captivated her.

The jilted orderly, to get revenge, conspired with a fellow-soldier named Pancesco to murder young Ivan, and on Christmas eve they did so while he was driving through a deep snow of a country read. A week ago his headless bothy was found in an unused bath-room in the basement of the Hotel Carol. The two orderlies were arrested and confessed their guilt, admitting that they had decardated young Vladescoe and buried his head in a neighboring field.

HANGING TO THE RAFTERS

HANGING TO THE RAFTERS.

James Musgrove Rescued in Time by His Children, Philadeliphia, Jan. 26.—James Mus-grove, 55 years old, attempted to hang

grove, 55 years old, attempted to hang himself yesterday afternoon in the attic of his residence. Musgrove has been drinking heavily recently, and yesterday afternoon was in a condition closely bordering on delivium treners.

After talking for a while with his son he went up stairs smoking his pipe. Having occasion soon after to go up stairs, his son, when reaching the attic, was horrified to see his father hanging by a rope from one of the ratters. He called for his brother, and together they cut their father down. He was alive and an ambulance was summoned and he was taken to the Philadelphia Hospital, where under vigorous treatment, he soon came to his senses.

Robbed While They Slept. Robbed While They Slept. Parkersburg, W. Va., Jan. 20.—Two cattle dealers named George and William Hammons were robbed of \$945 in each

Hammons were robbed of 8945 in cash near Barboursville, in Cabell County, on Friday. The money was taken from a valise at night while they slept. A short time ago Joseph Turner was robbed of 84,000 in gold at the same place, and, it is said, by the same parties. They have not been arrested. William Williamson, at whose beam the money was found Saurday, disappeared before daylight Sanday morning. Killed While Resisting Arrest.

Waro, Tuxas, Jan. 20.—George Creizh-ten, a mulatte, was shot and instantly killed Saturday night by Constable Harry Crowder. The latter was serving a war-rant upon Creighton, who was charged with the theft of a bale of cotion. The negro resisted arrest and drew a pistol, whereupon the constable shot him.

Manison, IND., Jan. 20.—When Dr. William A. McCoy and wife went to church yesterday they left their son Charles dressing. On returning they found him sitting dead in his chair. He died from heart disease. He was 19 years old.

IN THE GERMAN EMPIRE

ANXIETY FELT ABOUT THE EMPEROR'S HEALTH.

An Estrangement Between the Kaiser and Herr Bleichroder-Emperor William's Poor Opinion of Actors-Children Frozen to Death, While the Famine in

BEHLIN, Jan. 20.-The Emperor's health uspires more or less anxiety as his neryous restlessness increases, owing to the aggravation of the malady of the ears from which he suffers. His physicians are always apprehensive of a sudden stroke which may render him incapable of governing as well as reigning, in which case the regency, with all its disadvantages attending a condition of imperfectly de-veloped constitutionalism, would have to be appointed. The Emperor himself would appear to have some consciousness of this, as he has lately evinced a desire to maintain better relations with his mother, from whom he has been so long

to maintain better relations with his mother, from whom he has been so long estranged.

What the enemies of Empress Frederick, and they are many, are afraid of is that if the Emperor once begins to rely on his mother for counsel, she will become the virtual Empress of Germany.

Most of the American physicians who were here attracted by the renown of Professor Koch's treatment are now out their way home. An idea of the greatness of the demand for Dr. Koch's lymph in America may be formed when it is said that Mr. Phelps indorsed no fewer than 200 applications for the famous fluid.

Owing to the distress which everywhere prevails, the Emperor has signified his desire that there shall be no illumination of government buildings to-morrow and our Tuesday in honor of his birthday. This considerate act of his Majesty will save the nation at least 100,000 marks, the sum which would have been expended in the illumination of Berlin alone.

The number of decorations conferred by the Kaiser at the last Ordenfest was something extraordinary, and fills twenty-one columns of the Official Gazette. The list includes representatives of art and science. The conferring of decorations is an expensive matter, and adds several millions to the budget annually. Since the consolidation of the sovereign's fortune with the so-called national property the burden has fallen upon the people.

The theatrical profession has been disappointed with the last distribution as, in fact, with all previous ones since the time of Frederick William IV. The late Emperor William would on no account decorate anybody connected with the profession. Frederick Hase, who it well known in New York, tells an interesting story apropos of this:

Hase was once summoned before the Emperor, who desired to thank him for the pleasure his acting had given him. The actor appeared before his sovereign, his manly bosom heaving under a dozen or more orders which had been conferred upon him by various minor potentates. At the end of a brief audience the Emperor, pointing to th

to decorate an actor."
"But," cried Hase, "may I ask your Majesty to tell me the reason for this reso-Intion?"
"Certainly," said the Emperor; "it is because an actor, in my mind, has no generally recognized standing in society, in spite of any honor I might confer upon him, he may be insulted, even assaulted, and have no right to demand satisfaction."

The Kalser's call for school reform has affected even the medical examinations. The theoretical part of these examinations will have in future less importance than the practical evidence of the candidate's future be excluded from the State examinations, while clerical studies are to be made a special subject as, well as hydere.

An estrangement has arisen between the Kaiser and Herr Bicichroder, who was popular at the Berlin count as long as Bismarck had any influence. When, some time ago, the royal exchequer was said to be in want of a few millions, Bleichroder expressed his readiness to lend the Emperor 25,000,000 marks on his note of hand if his Majesty would be good enough to dismiss Court Chaplain Stocker. The Emperor, as it happened, had already resolved that Stocker must go. So Stocker went, and with him Herr von Bleichroder in his capacity of financial adviser to the Kaiser.

The banker is prostrated by the consequence.

solved that Stoecker must go. So Stoecker went, and with him Herr von Biechroder in his capacity of financial advisor to the Kaiser.

The banker is prostrated by the consequences of his indiscretion. As he is nearly blind and in feeble health his friends have endeavored to fransfer his disgrace to the shoulders of his son, who was formerly an officer in the army, but had to resign his commission for promending Unter den Linden with a notorious weman shortly after Nobling's attempt on the life of William L, when that venerable monarch actually lay in agony, his face and shoulder torn by the buckshot of the would-be assassin.

Investigation into the causes of the steady increase in our naval estimates reveals the fact that the entire supplies of ment are bought of German firms, whose prices are from 60 to 80 per cent, higher than those of American packers. Thus every year several millions are waster simply to please the agrarian party.

The famine in Silesia continues mabated. The tariff, which compels poor weavers on the Austra, where it is nearly 50 per cent, cheaper, has led during the recent terribly severe weather to an appalling catastrophe. In ten days six little children, sent on the long and arduous errand of bringing flour to their homes, have been frozen to death.

The bill before the Prussian Diet, which has already passed one reading and which proposes that foreigners residing in Germany shall be subjected to a heavy income tax, accompanied by heavy penalties in the case of the income not being correctly declared, has struck terror into the hearts of the inhabitants of watering places and summer resorts.

They fear, with very good reason, that foreigners may hereafter give them a wide betth, preferring to seek health and regreation in countries which do not insist upen impoverishing them. In Berlin a tax of this kind is already levied, and foreigners are greatly disturbed.

One of the worst features of the tax is that the commissioner does not trouble you for the arrears at a moment's notice, bringin

The Countess Abandoned Him. New York, Jan. 91.—Hago von Koechter, an artist employed on a comic jour-nal, who is charged by his wife with nal, who is charged by his wife with abandonment, says the accusation ought to be reversed. She not drunk two weeks ago, he says, and left him. He tried to induce her in return, but she wouldn't, and then he stored his furniture and moved to a boarding-hause.

His wife is not unknown to fame. Three years ago, when she called herself Panisine you schemmon, an Austrian countess, she horsewhipped a butcher for trifling with her affections, and later she had a similar difficulty with one John Smith. She wedded Von Koechier about a year ago.

Local Weather Forecast.

For the District of Columbia, Maryland,
Delaware, Virginia, North Carolina, South
Carolina and Georgia, slightly warmer; fair;
southwesterly winds.

tion at his hands. Boiler Setting and Bakers'